

# **War Child - Global Safeguarding Policy**

# Policy Review Controls

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#### Mission Statement

We believe that no child should be part of war. We are driven by a single goal - ensuring a safe future for every child living through war.

#### **Policy Statement**

War Child (WC) works to uphold the fundamental rights of children<sup>1</sup> - and we are committed to keeping them safe from harm, neglect, exploitation, and abuse. Our work engages children, youth<sup>2</sup> and adults<sup>3</sup>, often those who are particularly at risk of experiencing harm and abuse. Our Global Safeguarding Policy and procedures underpin all of our work and ensures that all children, youth and adults who we interact with or work for our organisation are protected from harm and abuse. This policy applies for every War Child Representative both during, after and in between work hours.

War Child acknowledges that harm and abuse perpetrated towards children, youth and adults is rooted in an inherent power imbalance between the individual and the organisation (and its representatives). Gender inequality, culture or ethnicity, being a person with a disability or a displaced person can also exacerbate power dynamics which can lead to harm, abuse and exploitation by those in a position of power and/or authority. We can address this by incorporating an inclusive approach in our safeguarding work.

War Child's organisational culture is critical in preventing harm and abuse from occurring, as well as building and maintaining an open, transparent, and equitable culture where all representatives feel safe to speak out about unacceptable behaviour. War Child is committed to building and maintaining an open, transparent, and equitable culture, as we believe this is critical to preventing harm and abuse.

War Child's safeguarding policy is committed to and guided by the following ethical commitments:

- War Child has a duty of care and responsibility to keep all individuals<sup>4</sup> safe who we come into direct or indirect contact with.
- War Child employees and representatives have a duty of care to report any incident or concern that is witnessed, suspected or overheard.
- War Child implements a zero-tolerance approach to safeguarding. Suspected breaches of this policy are responded to within defined timeframes, following the standard operating procedures (SoP), and resulting in take appropriate disciplinary action where /as needed.

#### Scope

This Global Safeguarding Policy applies equally to everyone associated with War Child, including but not limited to:

- All permanent and temporary employees
- Volunteers and interns
- Consultants
- Ambassadors and their assistants / employees

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A child is defined as any individual under the age of 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Youth are defined as persons between the age of 15 to 24 years old as defined by the United Nations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Adults are defined as any individual over the age of 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This includes all children, youth and adults who are, or are not, part of WC's programmes activities that a WC representative encounters in both their professional and personal life.

- Invited visitors (including donors/funders; media/journalists)
- Members of Supervisory Board (WCH)
- Board of Trustees (WCUK)
- Partner organisations (i.e., local NGOs, Ministry of Education) where deemed necessary and appropriate
- Accompanying family members of international employees
- Third-party contractors (i.e., suppliers, builders, contractors etc.) where deemed necessary and appropriate
- Members of research bodies, academic institutions and associates where deemed necessary and appropriate.

The term 'War Child representatives' will be used to refer to all people from the list above and associated with War Child.

#### Our Approach

Safeguarding at War Child is a set of organisational policies, procedures and practices employed to ensure War Child is a safe organisation, responsible for protecting individuals from the risk of sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, as well as other types of harm, abuse, exploitation, and neglect caused by those who have a duty to protect and care for them.

War Child is committed to preventing sexual exploitation, abuse and harassment, child abuse and neglect, and all other harm caused by War Child representatives, including through the following means:

- Awareness: Ensuring that all War Child representatives are aware of the high standards of behaviour and conduct expected of them to protect children, youth, and adults from any form of abuse and exploitation in their private and working lives.
- Prevention: Ensuring, through awareness and good practice, that staff and those
  who work with War Child, minimise the risks of any form of abuse and exploitation,
  including but by no means limited to conducting relevant vetting and background
  checks of staff as part of their recruitment process according to appropriate Human
  Resource (HR) procedures.
- Reporting: Ensuring that all staff and those who work with War Child are clear on what steps to take where suspicions or concerns arise regarding allegations of abuse or exploitation.
- Responding: Ensuring that immediate action is taken to identify and address reports
  of abuse and exploitation, and to ensure the safety and well-being of the child,
  youth, or adult involved.

# What Behaviours are Prohibited by the Safeguarding policy?

The following are behaviours that are prohibited under the Safeguarding Policy:

**Abuse:** Abuse is any act which individuals, institutions or processes do - or fail to do - which directly or indirectly results in a negative impact on another. Refer to forced labour, trafficking, emotional abuse, exploitation, financial/material abuse, grooming, neglect, online abuse, physical abuse, sexual abuse, spiritual abuse, and traditional harmful practices for specific definitions.

**Bullying:** Repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face to face or online.

**Emotional abuse:** Persistent emotional maltreatment that impacts negatively on an individual's emotional state. This can include restriction of movement, degrading treatment, humiliation, bullying (including cyber bullying), threats, discrimination, ridicule or other non-physical forms of hostile or exclusionary treatment.

**Exploitation:** This encompasses, but is not limited to, the following forms of exploitation:

- Commercial exploitation of an individual occurs when that person works or does activities
  for the benefit of others but does not benefit in any way or experiences harm as a result of
  the work. This includes, but is not limited to, domestic work, forced participation in armed
  conflict, including the use of child soldiers, and involvement in harmful and hazardous work.
- Sexual exploitation is a form of exploitation and sexual abuse that involves an individual
  being engaged in any sexual activity in exchange for money, gifts, food, accommodation or
  any other material needs (e.g., prostitution, trafficking and the exploitation of and creation
  and dissemination of sexually explicit videos and pictures). This can also occur online where
  an act of a sexually exploitative nature is carried out against an individual. It includes any
  use of information and communication technology that results in sexual exploitation or
  results in or causes images/other material documenting the exploitation to be produced,
  bought, sold, possessed, distributed or transmitted.

**Financial/material abuse:** Includes theft, fraud, exploitation, pressure in connection with wills, property or inheritance or financial transactions, corruption or the misuse or misappropriation of property, possessions or benefits.

**Forced labour:** Any work that is undertaken by an individual involuntarily under the threat of punishment. It deprives individuals of their dignity and is harmful to their physical and mental well-being.

**Grooming:** Behaviour that makes it easier for an offender to procure an individual for sexual activity. It happens when there is a power differential or well-planned manipulation in a relationship, which the abuser exploits for their own satisfaction. This is a common tactic used by perpetrators against children for sexual activity. However, adults can also be groomed. This can occur during face-to-face or online contact.

**Harassment:** Unwanted conduct, including threads and demands, which offends, intimidates or humiliates someone. It can be a one-off or repeated act.

**Harm:** Any detrimental effect on an individual's physical, psychosocial, or emotional wellbeing. Harm may be caused by abuse, exploitation, harassment, bullying, assault, or any action that puts the person at risk, whether intentionally or unintentionally.

**Neglect:** Persistent failure to meet an individual's basic physical and/or psychological needs or provide adequate care and support for them. This includes the failure to protect children, youth and adults from harm as well as provide adequate nutrition, shelter and safe living conditions.

**Online abuse:** Any form of abuse that happens whilst interacting with digital technology. It can happen anywhere, for example social media, text messages and messaging apps, email, online chats, online gaming, and live-streaming sites. Examples of online abuse include cyberbullying, grooming, sexting, sexual abuse, psychological/emotional abuse and sexual exploitation.

**Physical abuse:** Actual or potential physical harm perpetrated by another person, adult or child. This may involve hitting, shaking, poisoning, burning or other physical acts.

**Sexual abuse:** An actual or threatened physical intrusion of a sexual nature, whether by force or under unequal or coercive conditions. All sexual activity with a child (defined as anyone under 18) is sexual abuse, regardless of local age of consent. Mistaken belief that a child is over the age of 18 is not an acceptable defence.

**Sexual Harassment:** Any unwelcome sexual advance, request for sexual favour, verbal or physical conduct or gesture of a sexual nature, or any other behaviour of a sexual nature that might reasonably be expected or be perceived to cause offence or humiliation to another. Sexual harassment is particularly serious when it interferes with work, is made a condition of employment or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment. Sexual harassment may be unintentional and may occur outside the workplace and/or outside working hours. While typically involving a pattern of behaviour, it can take the form of a single incident. Sexual harassment may occur between or amongst persons of the opposite or same sex.

**Spiritual abuse:** Using cultural norms and practices or text from spiritual books or quoting scripture as an excuse to perpetrate abuse and violence on children, youth and adults or instilling fear into them.

**Traditional Harmful Practices:** Practices based on cultural and religious beliefs and values that have harmful consequences for children, youth and adults e.g., witchcraft, early or forced marriage, female genital mutilation.

**Trafficking:** Any involvement in the recruitment, transportation or receipt of an individual for the purpose of exploitation, by means of threat, force or other forms of coercion.

#### What War Child Expects From You:

Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility, and we count on every War Child representative to help build a safe and inclusive culture. You have a duty to uphold the principles laid out in this policy 24/7 (both during, after or in-between working hours).

- It is your responsibility to report all actual or suspected safeguarding concerns through War Child's reporting channels.
- You will not retaliate against those who are involved, or you suspect are involved, in safeguarding cases.
- You will abide by the Whistleblower Protection Policy.
- War Child is committed to investigating all safeguarding concerns that are reported in line
  with our investigation procedures. You are obliged to participate in safeguarding
  investigations, in line with the Code of Conduct and the HR handbook.
- You will promote a culture of equity where all people are treated with respect, dignity and without preference. You will be mindful of your own position of power as a WC representative, in relation to programme participants and others we work with.
- In everything you do, you act in the best interest of the child in order to prevent harm and abuse.
- At all times, you abide by the principle of non-discrimination and guidelines laid out in the Code of Conduct.
- As a War Child representative, you empower those we work with and for, engaging them in a way that they fully understand their right to safety when engaging with any representative or activity associated with the organisation.

- This policy is part of the Integrity Framework and works together with all other policies. As such, you will abide by and be aware of all policies and procedures in the Integrity Framework, including the:
  - Code of Conduct (CoC)
  - o Anti-Fraud and Anti-Corruption (AFAC) Policy
  - o Protection from Sexual Abuse, Exploitation and Harassment (PSEAH) Policy
  - Retaliation Policy
  - Speak Up Procedures
- These policies should be signed by all staff every 2 years.

### Safeguarding Standards War Child Should Meet:

This policy contains ten interlinked and mutually reinforcing standards which aim to ensure that War Child is a safe organisation. No standard can be considered in isolation, and each standard must be given equal weight and importance across the organisation.

These are global safeguarding standards tailored to War Child's mission, vision, and programming. War Child is committed to implementing and living up to these standards in all of our work. It is the responsibility of all War Child representatives to work to uphold these standards in their work. Detailed implementation guidance can be found in the Policy Library.

- a. Standard 1: Governance, Accountability & Risk Management: War Child has a commitment to put in place robust safeguarding measures to ensure the safety and protection of children, youth and adults and all who come into contact with War Child programmes. War Child commits to ensuring this policy is mainstreamed across the organisation to ensure adherence to international safeguarding standards. Where necessary, War Child will support the adaptation of the policy to ensure adherence to relevant national laws and cultural context. Safeguarding systems across the organization have specific responsibilities for ensuring clear safeguarding processes are in place including safe and effective reporting, feedback and complaints mechanisms are in place and that all staff receive safeguarding inductions and regular training.
- b. Standard 2: Leadership & Organisational Culture: All War Child leadership and management teams will prioritise safeguarding within the organisation and take steps to build an organisation where employees feel safe to challenge issues of power and bias as well as promote equality, diversity and inclusion. Employees will be encouraged to access safe spaces within the organisation to enable dialogue, engagement and action to build and maintain a safe work environment. Leadership teams will take accountability and proactively reflect and take action to ensure their behaviours and actions promote a transparent, safe and inclusive culture.
- c. Standard 3: Awareness-raising & Building Knowledge: War Child will actively promote its Global Safeguarding Policy in ways that are accessible, informative and easy to understand for all representatives. This will be achieved through dedicated inductions and training as well as organisational communications on War Child's safeguarding approach and ensuring individuals are fully aware of their safeguarding responsibilities. All employees and representatives receive safeguarding mandatory training within 1 month of joining, or prior to direct engagement with any

- programme participant or community member where War Child implements activities. Refresher training will be held at least bi-annually.
- d. Standard 4: Human Resources Safeguarding measures will be embedded into all human resource activity. We will recruit employees and volunteers who share War Child's values and are committed to safeguarding. We will ensure that all employees, volunteers, contractors, visitors, consultants, third party vendors, and others undertaking work on behalf of the organisation understand their safeguarding responsibilities and have the knowledge and skills necessary to fulfil their obligations.
- e. **Standard 5: Safe Programming & Research:** Safeguarding is built into all proposals, project design, budgets, and implementation including research and advocacy programmes. Safe programming promotes equality, equity, reduces risk and increases protection.
- Standard 6: Partners, Contractors & Suppliers War Child recognises that organisations approach safeguarding differently and abide by various standards. Significant partners, contractors, and/or suppliers who deliver work in partnership with, or on behalf of, War Child, will undergo due diligence processes that assess their Safeguarding Policy, procedures and ability to implement effective safeguarding measures. See detailed guidance on partnership due diligence.
- g. Standard 7: Working with Children, Youth, Adults & Communities War Child works with children, youth and adults who are often at heightened risk of experiencing harm and abuse due to social status, displacement or conflict. We commit to ensuring our interactions are safe and recognise unequal power dynamics that may be at play. War Child also commits to ensuring safe, inclusive and participatory involvement of children, youth, adults and communities in its programmes, research and advocacy work. All staff will abide by the Code of Conduct at all times.
- h. **Standard 8: Reporting & Response** War Child will ensure that it has robust reporting and response processes in place that are accessible to all children, youth, adults, employees and volunteers and are adapted to the local context. War Child ensures that all safeguarding concerns are responded to efficiently and are recorded on a global tracking log. War Child's reporting and response systems are designed to safeguard the best interests of the children, youth, and adults we work with.
- i. Standard 9: Media, Communications & Advocacy: War Child will deliver quality communications, campaigns, media and advocacy work in a way that minimises the risk of harm to children, youth and adults and prioritises their wellbeing and safety. Our priority is to ensure that any individual engaging with War Child's media, communications and advocacy activities is a meaningful and informed process. Any content that is collected will prioritise the dignity and respect of individuals and ensure rigorous vetting procedures are followed prior to public dissemination. Informed consent will always be collected. Safer communications should meet the standards laid out in the communications SOPs, which lays out requirements for informed consent, safety, dignity, best interests of the child.
- j. **Standard 10: Data Privacy & Digital Safeguarding:** Safeguarding is embedded into all of War Child's data collection and management processes. We adopt the Do No Harm principle and compliance with data protection laws ensuring that any data collected about, or from, children, youth and adults is used in ways that respect their privacy and minimise the risk of harm. War Child will do our utmost to ensure all our digital applications, platforms and services are safe, secure and do not result

in inappropriate or unethical capture and/or use of data on children, youth and adults. Further guidance can be found in the DISP.

## Roles and Responsibilities

All WC representatives have the responsibility to uphold, encourage, implement, promote the standards and principles laid out in this policy proportionally to their function. The following lays out additional expectations for specific job roles, including but not limited to the following:

- All War Child Representatives: Everyone who works on behalf of War Child is
  required to report any suspicions or incidences of safeguarding concerns. Failure to
  report to a suspicion of a safeguarding concern relating to someone else is a breach
  of War Child's policy, and could lead to disciplinary procedures. There is no
  obligation for an individual to report any incident that has happened to them.
- **Trustees and Directors:** War Child Directors and Trustees hold overall accountability for this policy and its implementation.
- War Child Affiliate's CEO: Each War Child Affiliate's CEO is responsible for the application of this policy within their own affiliate.
- Safeguarding Focal Points: Provide support to prevent and respond to Safeguarding concerns alongside their substantive roles, in line with the SGFP TOR. Raising awareness and promoting best practices by receiving concerns, supporting survivors and reporting concerns in a confidential manner
- SG Leads/Advisors: Provide support to Focal Points, staff and programmes to
  prevent and respond to SEAH. Raising awareness, conducting training and
  promoting best practices, as well as receiving concerns, conducting referrals to
  specialized services and supporting investigations. SG Leads/SG Teams/Advisors and
  senior management should offer further support to help implement this policy.
- Managers: Responsible for promoting awareness of this policy with people they
  manage and for supporting/developing systems that create and maintain a safe
  working environment. This also includes the responsibility for ensuring that all staff
  and Related Personnel receive regular Safeguarding trainings, with a particular
  emphasis on staff who are in direct contact with the people we serve. Managers
  should prioritize Safeguarding awareness raising for themselves and their divisions,
  individual departments or teams, and provide budget lines for some activities.
- Programme Teams: Consult with communities with whom we work (in a safe, accessible, and culturally appropriate way), to ensure that community members and those working on behalf of War Child are familiar with War Child's Code of Conduct, how to raise complaints and concerns, and that War Child will take action when this happens. Programme Teams should also clearly explain what goods and/or services the community members are entitled to and how they are selected.